

2013

Form 1040-ES (NR)



Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

U.S. Estimated Tax for Nonresident Alien Individuals

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form 1040-ES (NR) and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/form1040esnr.

Purpose of This Package

If you are a nonresident alien, use this package to figure and pay your estimated tax. If you are not required to make estimated tax payments for 2013, you can discard this package.

Estimated tax is the method used to pay tax on income that is not subject to withholding. See the 2012 Instructions for Form 1040NR, U.S. Nonresident Alien Income Tax Return, or Form 1040NR-EZ, U.S. Income Tax Return for Certain Nonresident Aliens With No Dependents, for details on income that is taxable.

Estimated tax for an estate or trust. If you are using this package to figure and pay estimated tax for a nonresident alien estate or trust, use the 2012 Form 1040NR as a guide in figuring the estate's or trust's 2013 estimated tax. You also may find it helpful to refer to the 2013 Form 1041-ES.

Change of address. If your address has changed, file Form 8822, Change of Address, to update your record.

Who Must Make Estimated Tax Payments

General Rule

In most cases, you must pay estimated tax for 2013 if both of the following apply.

1. You expect to owe at least \$1,000 in tax for 2013, after subtracting your withholding and refundable credits.
2. You expect your withholding and refundable credits to be less than the smaller of:
 - a. 90% of the tax to be shown on your 2013 tax return, or
 - b. 100% of the tax shown on your 2012 tax return. Your 2012 tax return must cover all 12 months.

Note. These percentages may be different if you are a farmer, fisherman, or higher income taxpayer. See *Special Rules*, later.

Special Rules

There are special rules for farmers, fishermen, certain household employers, and certain higher income taxpayers.

Farmers and fishermen. If at least two-thirds of your gross income for 2012 or 2013 is from farming or fishing, substitute 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ % for 90% in (2a) under *General Rule*, earlier.

Household employers. When estimating the tax on your 2013 tax return, include your household employment taxes if either of the following applies.

- You will have federal income tax withheld from wages, pensions, annuities, or other income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.
- You would be required to make estimated tax payments to avoid a penalty even if you did not include household employment taxes when figuring your estimated tax.

Higher income taxpayers. If your adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2012 was more than \$150,000 (\$75,000 if your filing status for 2013 is married filing separately), substitute 110% for 100% in (2b) under *General Rule*, earlier. This rule does not apply to farmers or fishermen.

Married filing separately. Your filing status is married filing separately if you will check filing status box 3, 4, or 5 on your 2013 Form 1040NR or filing status box 2 on your 2013 Form 1040NR-EZ.

Increase Your Withholding

If you also receive salaries and wages, you may be able to avoid having to make estimated tax payments on your other income by asking your employer to take more tax out of your earnings. To do this, file a new Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, with your employer.

Additional Information You May Need

You can find most of the information you will need in Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Other available information:

- Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens.
- Instructions for the 2012 Form 1040NR or Form 1040NR-EZ.
- Important Changes. Go to IRS.gov, click on *Forms & Pubs*, and then on

Changes to Current Forms and Publications.



For details on how to get forms and publications, go to www.irs.gov/Forms-&-Pubs or see the instructions for your tax return. Information for taxpayers residing outside the United States go to www.irs.gov/Individuals/International-Taxpayers.



If you have tax questions, call 1-800-829-1040 for assistance. Persons living outside the United States can call 267-941-1000 (not toll free). For TTY/TDD help, call 1-800-829-4059. Deaf or hard of hearing individuals can also contact the IRS through relay services such as the Federal Relay Service available at www.gsa.gov/fedrelay.

What's New

Use your 2012 tax return as a guide in figuring your 2013 estimated tax, but be sure to consider the following.

Additional Medicare Tax. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2012, a 0.9% Additional Medicare Tax applies to Medicare wages, Railroad Retirement Tax Act compensation, and self-employment income over a threshold amount based on your filing status. You may need to include this amount when figuring your estimated tax. See the instructions for line 12 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet and Pub. 505. For more information on Additional Medicare Tax, go to www.irs.gov and enter "Additional Medicare Tax" in the search box.

Personal exemption amount increased for certain taxpayers. For tax years beginning in 2013, the personal exemption amount is increased to \$3,900 for taxpayers with adjusted gross income at or below \$300,000 if qualifying widow(er), \$250,000 if single, or \$150,000 if married filing separately. The personal exemption amount for taxpayers with adjusted gross income above these thresholds may be reduced. Use the *Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet*, later, to figure your deduction.

Alternative minimum tax (AMT) exemption amounts. The AMT exemption is increased to \$80,800 if qualifying widow(er), \$51,900 if single, or \$40,400 if married filing separately. In addition,

IRS Federal Income Tax Form for Tax Year 2013

(Jan. 1, 2013 - Dec. 31, 2013)

Unfortunately, this form is currently not available for efileing by the IRS.



How do I file this 2013 Tax Return form?

After October 2014 you can no longer efile a 2013 Tax Return. If you need to file a 2013 Tax Return after October 2014 you have the following options:

1. You can download this form, prepare and [mail it to the IRS](#)
2. [Work with an efile.com LIVE TaxPro \(Accountant/CPA\) online](#)

If you need to prepare tax returns for all other Tax Years please visit this page:

[Forms for back taxes or previous year tax returns](#)

OR

[You can work with an efile.com LIVE TaxPro online](#)

More Helpful Tax Information

Find a wide range of current [IRS Tax Publications](#) on efile.com.

View a complete list of [Federal Tax Forms](#) that can be prepared online and efiled together with [State Tax Forms](#).

Use our [free Tax Tools, Calculators and Educators](#) to estimate your tax refund or taxes owed.

Got Tax Questions? [Ask an efile.com tax representative](#)

nonrefundable credits are allowed against AMT.

Limitation on itemized deductions.

Beginning in 2013, itemized deductions for taxpayers with adjusted gross income above \$300,000 if qualifying widow(er), \$250,000 if single, or \$150,000 if married filing separately, may be reduced.

Standard mileage rate. The rate for business use of your vehicle increased to 56 1/2 cents per mile. The rate for use of your vehicle to get medical care or move has increased to 24 cents per mile. The rate of 14 cents per mile for charitable use is unchanged.

Social security and Medicare tax for 2013.

The rate of social security tax withholding (for employees only) is restored to 6.2% (.062) for wage payments made in 2013, up to the social security wage limit of \$113,700. The Medicare tax rate is 1.45%. There is no wage limit for the Medicare tax. The rate for net earnings from self-employment is 12.4% (.124), up to the social security wage limit of \$113,700. In addition, the deduction for self-employment tax has been restored to 50%.

Adoption credit and adoption assistance.

Beginning in 2013, the maximum adoption credit will be \$12,970 and the credit is not refundable. The maximum amount of adoption assistance amount that can be excluded from gross income \$12,970. The amount of the credit or excludable assistance begins to phase out for taxpayers with modified AGI in excess of \$194,580 and is completely phased out for taxpayers with modified AGI of \$234,580 or more.

Capital gains and dividend rates for high income individuals.

For tax year 2013, your capital gains and dividends rate will depend on your income.

How To Figure Your Estimated Tax

You will need:

- The 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet.
- The *Instructions for the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet*.
- The 2013 Tax Rate Schedules for your filing status.*
- Your 2012 tax return and instructions to use as a guide to figuring your income, deductions, and credits (but be sure to consider the items listed under *What's New*, earlier).

* If you are married, you generally must use Tax Rate Schedule Y. For exceptions, see Pub. 519, chapter 5.

Matching estimated tax payments to income.

If you receive your income unevenly throughout the year (for example, because you operate your

business on a seasonal basis or you have a large capital gain late in the year), you may be able to lower or eliminate the amount of your required estimated tax payment for one or more periods by using the annualized income installment method. See chapter 2 of Pub. 505 for details.

Changing your estimated tax. To amend or correct your estimated tax, see *How To Amend Estimated Tax Payments*, later.



You cannot make joint estimated tax payments if you or your spouse is a nonresident alien, you are separated under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, or you and your spouse have different tax years.

Payment Due Dates

If you have wages subject to U.S. income tax withholding, you can pay all of your estimated tax by April 15, 2013, or in four equal amounts by the dates shown below.

1st payment	Apr. 15, 2013
2nd payment	Jun. 17, 2013
3rd payment	Sep. 16, 2013
4th payment	Jan. 15, 2014*

* You do not have to make the payment due January 15, 2014, if you file your 2013 Form 1040NR or 1040NR-EZ by January 31, 2014, and pay the entire balance due with your return.

If you do not have wages subject to U.S. income tax withholding, you can pay all of your estimated tax by June 17, 2013, or you can pay it in three installments. If you pay the tax in three installments, 1/2 is due by June 17, 2013, 1/4 is due by September 16, 2013, and 1/4 is due by January 15, 2014.



We do not send notices reminding you to make your estimated tax payments. You must make each payment by the due date.

If you mail your payment in the United States and it is postmarked by the due date, the date of the U.S. postmark is considered the date of the payment. If your payments are late or you did not pay enough, you may be charged a penalty for underpaying your tax. See *When a Penalty Is Applied*, later.



If you want, you can make more than four estimated tax payments. To do so, make a copy of one of your unused estimated tax payment vouchers, fill it in, and mail it with your payment. If you make more than four payments, to avoid a penalty make sure the total of the amounts you pay during a payment period is at least as much as the amount required to be paid by the due date for that period. For other payment methods, see Pay Electronically, later.

No income subject to estimated tax during first payment period. If, after April 1, 2013, you have a large change in income, deductions, additional taxes, or credits that requires you to start making estimated tax payments, you should figure the amount of your estimated tax payments by using the annualized income installment method, explained in chapter 2 of Pub. 505. If you use the annualized income installment method, file Form 2210, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, including Schedule AI, with your 2013 tax return even if no penalty is owed.

Farmers and fishermen. If at least two-thirds of your gross income for 2012 or 2013 is from farming or fishing, you can do one of the following.

- Pay all of your estimated tax by January 15, 2013.
- File your 2013 Form 1040NR by March 3, 2014, and pay the total tax due. In this case, 2013 estimated tax payments are not required to avoid a penalty.

Fiscal year taxpayers. You are on a fiscal year if your 12-month tax period ends on any day except December 31. Due dates for fiscal year taxpayers are the 15th day of the 4th (if applicable), 6th, and 9th months of your current fiscal year and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. If any payment date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, use the next business day.

Name Change

If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, attach a statement to the front of your 2013 income tax return. On the statement, show all of the estimated tax payments you made for 2013 and the name and identifying number under which you made the payments.

If your identifying number is a social security number, be sure to report the change to your local Social Security Administration office before filing your 2013 tax return. This prevents delays in processing your return and issuing refunds. It also safeguards your future social security benefits. For more details, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY/TDD 1-800-325-0778).

If your identifying number is an IRS-issued individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), you do not have to contact the Social Security Administration.

How To Amend Estimated Tax Payments

To change or amend your estimated tax payments, refigure your total estimated tax

payments due (line 19a of the 2013 *Estimated Tax Worksheet*, later). Then, to figure the payment due for each remaining payment period, see *Amended estimated tax* under *Regular Installment Method* in chapter 2 of Pub. 505. If an estimated tax payment for a previous period is less than one-fourth of your amended estimated tax, you may owe a penalty when you file your return.

When a Penalty Is Applied

In some cases, you may owe a penalty when you file your return. The penalty is imposed on each underpayment for the number of days it remains unpaid. A penalty may be applied if you did not pay enough estimated tax for the year or you did not make the payments on time or in the required amount. A penalty may apply even if you have an overpayment on your tax return.

The penalty may be waived under certain conditions. See chapter 4 of Pub. 505 for details.

How To Pay Estimated Tax

Pay Online

Paying online is convenient and secure and helps make sure we get your payments on time. You can pay online using either of the following electronic payment options.

- Direct transfer from your bank account.
- Credit or debit card.

For information on paying your taxes electronically, go to www.irs.gov/e-pay.

Pay by Phone

Paying by phone is another safe and secure method of paying electronically. Use one of the following methods.

- Direct transfer from your bank account.
- Credit or debit card.

To pay by direct transfer from your bank account, call EFTPS Customer Service at 1-800-555-4477 (English) or 1-800-244-4829 (Español). People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability and who have access to TTY/TDD equipment can call 1-800-733-4829.

To pay using a credit or debit card, you can call one of the following service providers. There is a convenience fee charged by these providers that varies by provider, card type, and payment amount.

Official Payments Corporation
1-888-UPAY-TAX™
(1-888-872-9829)
www.officialpayments.com

Link2Gov Corporation
1-888-PAY-1040™
(1-888-729-1040)
www.PAY1040.com

WorldPay
1-888-9-PAY-TAX™
(1-888-972-9829)
www.payUSAtax.com

For the latest details on how to pay by phone, go to www.irs.gov/e-pay.

Pay by Check or Money Order Using the Estimated Tax Payment Voucher

There is a separate estimated tax payment voucher for each due date. The due date is shown in the upper right corner. Complete and send in the voucher only if you are making a payment by check or money order.

To complete the voucher, do the following.

- Print or type your name, address, and social security number (SSN) in the space provided on the estimated tax payment voucher. If you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, enter your ITIN. To apply for an ITIN, use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number. For additional information go to IRS.gov and enter "ITIN" in the keyword search box. If you are filing the return for a trust or estate, enter the EIN of the trust or estate.
- Enter in the box provided on the estimated tax payment voucher only the amount you are sending in by check or money order. When making payments of estimated tax, be sure to take into account any 2012 overpayment that you choose to credit against your 2013 tax, but do not include the overpayment amount in this box.
- Make your check or money order payable to "United States Treasury." Do not send cash. To help process your payment accurately, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: \$ XXX.XX. Do not use dashes or lines (for example, do not enter "\$ XXX-")

or "\$ XXX ^{xx}/₁₀₀").

- Enter "2013 Form 1040-ES (NR)" and your identifying number (SSN, ITIN, or EIN) on your check or money order.
- Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with the estimated tax payment voucher.
- Mail your estimated tax payment voucher to the following address.

Internal Revenue Service
P.O. Box 1300
Charlotte, NC 28201-1300 U.S.A.

Also, note that only the U.S. Postal Service can deliver to P.O. boxes.

Instructions for the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet

Line 1. Adjusted gross income. Use your 2012 tax return and instructions as a guide to figuring the adjusted gross income you expect in 2013 (but be sure to consider the items listed under *What's New*, earlier). For more details on figuring your adjusted gross income, see Expected AGI—Line 1 in chapter 2 of Pub. 505.

If you are self-employed, be sure to take into account the deduction for your self-employment tax. Use the 2013 Self-Employment Tax and Deduction Worksheet for Lines 1 and 11 of the Estimated Tax Worksheet to figure the amount to subtract when figuring your expected AGI. This worksheet also will give you the amount to enter on line 11 of your estimated tax worksheet.

Line 2. Estimated itemized deductions Your total itemized deductions may be reduced. If your line 1 estimated AGI is over \$300,000 if qualifying widow(er), \$250,000 if single, or \$150,000 if married filing separately, use the *Itemized Deductions Worksheet*, later, to figure the amount to enter on line 2.

Line 4. Exemptions. If your line 1 estimated adjusted gross income is more than \$300,000 if qualifying widow(er), \$250,000 if single, or \$150,000 if married filing separately, use the *Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet*, later, to figure the exemption amount. Otherwise, multiply \$3,900 by the number of exemptions to which you are entitled.

Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet

1. Is the amount of your estimated AGI on line 1 of the Estimated Tax Worksheet more than \$300,000 if qualifying widow(er), \$250,000 if single, or \$150,000 if married filing separately?

No. Multiply \$3,900 by the total number of exemptions you are permitted to claim on your income tax return . Enter the amount on line 4 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet. **Do not complete the remainder of this worksheet.**

Yes. Go to line 2.

2. Multiply \$3,900 by the total number of exemptions you are permitted to claim 2. _____

3. Enter the amount of your estimated AGI from line 1 of your 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet 3. _____

4. Enter \$300,000 if qualifying widow(er), \$250,000 if single, or \$150,000 if married filing separately 4. _____

5. Subtract line 4 from line 3 and enter here 5. _____

6. Is line 5 more than \$122,500 (\$61,250 if married separately)?

Yes. You cannot take a deduction for exemptions. Enter -0- on line 4 of your 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet. **Do not complete the remainder of this worksheet.**

No. Divide line 5 by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if married filing separately). If the result is not a whole number, increase it to the next higher whole number (for example, increase 0.0004 to 1) 6. _____

7. Multiply line 6 by 2% (.02) and enter the result as a decimal, but not more than 1.0 7. _____

8. Multiply line 2 by line 7 8. _____

9. **Deduction for exemptions.** Subtract line 8 from line 2. Enter the result here and on line 4 of your 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet. 9. _____

Line 9. Credits. See the 2012 Form 1040NR, lines 45 through 50, and the related instructions for the types of credits allowed. Also see the product page for

Form 1040NR and instructions at www.irs.gov/form1040nr for updates.

Line 11. Self-employment tax. Enter your self-employment tax on line 11.

When estimating your 2013 net earnings from self-employment, be sure to use only 92.35% (.9235) of your total net profit from self-employment.

Itemized Deductions Worksheet

Keep for Your Records 

1. Enter your estimated itemized deductions for 2013 1. _____

2. Enter the total amount included on line 1 above for medical and dental expenses, investment interest expense, casualty or theft losses of personal use property, casualty and theft losses from income-producing property, and gambling losses 2. _____

3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, **stop here**; enter the amount from line 1 above on line 2 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet 3. _____

4. Multiply line 3 above by 80% (.80) 4. _____

5. Enter the amount of your estimated AGI from line 1 of your 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet 5. _____

6. Enter \$300,000 if qualifying widow(er), \$250,000 if single, or \$150,000 if married filing separately 6. _____

7. Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, **stop here**; enter the amount from line 1 above on line 2 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet 7. _____

8. Multiply line 7 above by 3% (.03) 8. _____

9. Enter the **smaller** of line 4 or line 8 9. _____

10. **Total itemized deductions.** Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter the result here and on line 2 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet 10. _____

Line 12. Other taxes. Use the instructions for the 2012 Form 1040NR to determine if you expect to owe, for 2013, any of the taxes that are entered on Form 1040NR, lines 56 (additional tax on distributions only), 58a, 58b, and 59. Also take into consideration the Additional Medicare Tax, discussed later. On line 12, enter the total of those taxes, subject to the following two exceptions.

Exception 1. Include household employment taxes from Form 1040NR, line 58a, on this line only if:

- You will have federal income tax withheld from wages, pensions, annuities, or other income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, or
- You would be required to make estimated tax payments (to avoid a penalty) even if you did not include household employment taxes when figuring your estimated tax.

If you meet one or both of the above, include in the amount on line 12 the total of your household employment taxes.

Exception 2. Of the amounts for other taxes that may be entered on Form 1040NR, line 59, do not include on line 12: recapture of a federal mortgage subsidy, uncollected social security and Medicare tax or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance, excise tax on excess golden parachute payments, look-back interest due under section 167(g) or 460(b), excise tax on insider stock compensation from an expatriated corporation, or additional tax on advance payments of health coverage tax credit when not eligible. These taxes are not required to be paid until the due date of your income tax return (not including extensions).

Additional Medicare Tax. Beginning in 2013, a 0.9% Additional Medicare Tax applies to your combined Medicare wages

and self-employment income and/or your RRTA compensation that exceeds a threshold amount. The threshold amount is \$200,000 (\$125,000 for married taxpayers who file separately).

Medicare wages and self-employment income are combined to determine if your income exceeds the threshold amount. A self-employment loss should not be considered for purposes of this tax. RRTA compensation should be separately compared to the threshold. Your employer is responsible for withholding the 0.9% Additional Medicare Tax on Medicare wages or RRTA compensation it pays to you in excess of \$200,000 in 2013. You should consider this withholding, if applicable, in determining whether you need to make an estimated payment.

Repayment of first-time homebuyer credit. If you purchased a home in 2008 and claimed the first-time homebuyer credit, repayment of that credit began with your 2010 tax return and will continue until the credit is fully repaid. If the home ceases to be your main home, then the unpaid balance of the credit is to be repaid on the return for the year when the home is no longer your main home.

If you purchased a home in 2009, 2010, or 2011 and claimed the first-time homebuyer credit, you must maintain that home as your main home for at least 36 months to avoid having to repay the credit.

For details about repaying the first-time homebuyer credit, see the Instructions for Form 5405, Repayment of the First-Time Homebuyer Credit.

Line 17b. Prior year's tax. Enter the 2012 tax you figure according to the instructions in *Figuring your 2012 tax*, later, unless you meet one of the following exceptions.

- If the adjusted gross income shown on your 2012 return is more than \$150,000 (\$75,000 if you will file as married filing separately (see *Married filing separately in Special Rules*, earlier) for 2013), enter 110% of your 2012 tax as figured later.

Note. This does not apply to farmers or fishermen.

- If you filed as married filing jointly for 2012, but you will not file a joint return for 2013 (for example, because you are a nonresident alien who does not elect to be treated as a U.S. resident (see Pub. 519)), see *General Rule* in chapter 4 of Pub. 505 to figure your share of the 2012 tax to enter on line 17b.
- If you did not file a return for 2012 or your 2012 tax year was less than 12 full months, do not complete line 17b. Instead, enter the amount from line 17a on line 17c.

Figuring your 2012 tax. Use the following instructions to figure your 2012 tax.

1. **Form 1040NR**— Use the tax amount shown on line 60 of your 2012 Form 1040NR **reduced** by:

- a. Unreported social security and Medicare tax or RRTA tax from Form 1040NR, line 55;
- b. Any tax included on line 56 on excess contributions to IRAs, Archer MSAs, Coverdell education savings accounts, and health savings accounts, or on excess accumulations in qualified retirement plans;
- c. Amounts on line 59 as listed in *Exception 2*, earlier; and
- d. Any refundable credit amounts on lines 63 and 66, and credits from Forms 8801 and 8885 included on line 67.

2. **Form 1040NR-EZ**— Use the tax amount shown on line 15 of your 2012 Form 1040NR-EZ.

2013 Tax Rate Schedules

Caution: Do not use these Tax Rate Schedules to figure your 2012 taxes. Use only to figure your 2013 estimated taxes.

Schedule X—Use if your 2013 filing status is Single				Schedule Z—Use if your 2013 filing status is Qualifying Widow or Widower			
If line 5 is: Over—	But not over—	The tax is:	of the amount over—	If line 5 is: Over—	But not over—	The tax is:	of the amount over—
\$0	\$8,925	----- 10.0%	\$0	\$0	\$17,850	----- 10.0%	\$0
8,925	36,250	\$892.50 + 15.0%	8,925	17,850	72,500	\$1,785.00 + 15.0%	17,850
36,250	87,850	4,991.25 + 25.0%	36,250	72,500	146,400	9,982.50 + 25.0%	72,500
87,850	183,250	17,891.25 + 28.0%	87,850	146,400	223,050	\$28,457.50 + 28.0%	146,400
183,250	398,350	44,603.25 + 33.0%	183,250	223,050	398,350	49,919.50 + 33.0%	223,050
398,350	400,000	115,586.25 + 35.0%	398,350	398,350	450,000	107,768.50 + 35.0%	398,350
400,000	-----	116,163.75 + 39.6%	400,000	450,000	-----	125,846.00 + 39.6%	450,000
Schedule Y—Use if your 2013 filing status is Married filing separately (defined in <i>Special Rules</i>, earlier.)				Schedule W—Use if your 2013 filing status is Estate or Trust			
If line 5 is: Over—	But not over—	The tax is:	of the amount over—	If line 5 is: Over—	But not over—	The tax is:	of the amount over—
\$0	\$8,925	----- 10.0%	\$0	\$0	\$2,450	----- 15.0%	\$0
8,925	36,250	\$892.50 + 15.0%	8,925	2,450	5,700	\$367.50 + 25.0%	2,450
36,250	73,200	\$4,991.25 + 25.0%	36,250	5,700	8,750	1,180.00 + 28.0%	5,700
73,200	111,525	14,228.75 + 28.0%	73,200	8,750	11,950	2,034.00 + 33.0%	8,750
111,525	199,175	24,959.75 + 33.0%	111,525	11,950	-----	3,090.00 + 39.6%	11,950
199,175	225,000	53,884.25 + 35.0%	199,175				
225,000	-----	62,923.00 + 39.6%	225,000				

2013 Self-Employment Tax and Deduction Worksheet for Lines 1 and 11 of the Estimated Tax Worksheet

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| 1a. Enter your expected income and profits subject to self-employment tax* | 1a. _____ |
| b. If you will have farm income and also receive social security retirement or disability benefits, enter your expected Conservation Reserve Program payments that will be included on Schedule F (Form 1040) or listed on Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) | b. _____ |
| 2. Subtract line 1b from line 1a | 2. _____ |
| 3. Multiply line 2 by 92.35% (.9235) | 3. _____ |
| 4. Multiply line 3 by 2.9% (.029) | 4. _____ |
| 5. Social security tax maximum income | 5. _____ |
| 6. Enter your expected wages (if subject to social security tax or the 6.2% portion of tier 1 railroad retirement tax) | 6. _____ |
| 7. Subtract line 6 from line 5 | 7. _____ |
| Note. If line 7 is zero or less, enter -0- on line 9 and skip to line 10 | |
| 8. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 7 | 8. _____ |
| 9. Multiply line 8 by 12.4% (.124) | 9. _____ |
| 10. Add lines 4 and 9. Enter the result here and on line 11 of your 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet | 10. _____ |
| 11. Multiply line 10 by 50% (.50). This is your expected deduction for self-employment tax on Form 1040NR, line 27. Subtract this amount when figuring your expected AGI on line 1 of your 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet | 11. _____ |

*Your net profit from self-employment is found on Schedule C (Form 1040), line 31; Schedule F (Form 1040), line 34; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J1.



1	Adjusted gross income you expect in 2013 (see instructions). Caution. If this amount is over \$300,000 (\$250,000 if single, \$150,000 if married filing separately), your itemized deductions and your deduction for exemptions may be limited. See the instructions for details	1	
2	Estimated itemized deductions (see the <i>Itemized Deductions Worksheet</i> , earlier)	2	
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1	3	
4	Exemptions. Multiply \$3,900 by the number of personal exemptions. Caution. See the <i>Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet</i> , earlier	4	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3	5	
6	Tax. Figure your tax on the amount on line 5 by using the 2013 Tax Rate Schedules , earlier. Caution. If you will have qualified dividends or a net capital gain, see chapter 2 of Pub. 505 to figure the tax.	6	
7	Alternative minimum tax from Form 6251	7	
8	Add lines 6 and 7. Add to this amount any other taxes you expect to include in the total on Form 1040NR, line 42	8	
9	Credits (see instructions). Do not include any income tax withholding on this line	9	
10	Subtract line 9 from line 8. If zero or less, enter -0-	10	
11	Self-employment tax (see instructions)	11	
12	Other taxes, including, if applicable, Additional Medicare Tax (see instructions)	12	
13	Add lines 10 through 12. This is your estimated 2013 tax on income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business	13	
14	Total expected 2013 income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business 14		
15	Multiply line 14 by 30% or lower tax treaty rate (see the 2012 Form 1040NR instructions)	15	
16a	Add lines 13 and 15	16a	
b	Additional child tax credit, fuel tax credit, and refundable credits from Forms 8801 and 8885	16b	
c	Total 2013 estimated tax. Subtract line 16b from line 16a. If zero or less, enter -0- ▶	16c	
17a	Multiply line 16c by 90% (66 ² / ₃ % for farmers and fishermen) 17a		
b	Required annual payment based on prior year's tax (see instructions) 17b		
c	Required annual payment to avoid a penalty. Enter the smaller of line 17a or 17b ▶	17c	
	Caution. Generally, if you do not prepay (through income tax withholding and estimated tax payments) at least the amount on line 17c, you may owe a penalty for not paying enough estimated tax. To avoid a penalty, make sure your estimate on line 16c is as accurate as possible. Even if you pay the required annual payment, you may still owe tax when you file your return. If you prefer, you can pay the amount shown on line 16c. For more details, see chapter 2 of Pub. 505.		
18	Income tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2013 plus any amount paid with Form 1040-C	18	
19a	Subtract line 18 from line 17c 19a		
	Is the result zero or less? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Stop here. You are not required to make estimated tax payments. <input type="checkbox"/> No. Go to line 19b.		
b	Subtract line 18 from line 16c 19b		
	Is the result less than \$1,000? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Stop here. You are not required to make estimated tax payments. <input type="checkbox"/> No. Go to line 20 to figure your required payment.		
20	• If your first payment is due April 15, 2013, enter 1/4 of line 19a (minus any 2012 overpayment you are applying to this installment) here and on your estimated tax payment voucher(s) if you are paying by check or money order. • If you do not have wages subject to U.S. income tax withholding and your first payment is due June 17, 2013, enter 1/2 of line 17c on your first voucher and 1/4 of line 17c on your second and third vouchers. Reduce each installment by 1/3 of line 18 and any 2012 overpayment you are applying to the installment. Do not enter an amount on line 20.	20	

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the instructions.

Record of Estimated Tax Payments (Farmers, fishermen, and fiscal year taxpayers, see page 2 for payment due dates.)

Keep for Your Records



Payment number	Payment due date	(a) Amount due	(b) Date paid	(c) Check or money order number or credit or debit card confirmation number	(d) Amount paid (do not include any convenience fee)*	(e) 2012 overpayment credit applied	(f) Total amount paid and credited (add (d) and (e))
1	Apr. 15, 2013						
2	Jun. 17, 2013						
3	Sep. 16, 2013						
4	Jan. 15, 2014*						
Total							

*You can deduct the convenience fee charged by the service provider in 2013 as a miscellaneous itemized deduction (subject to the 2%-of-AGI limit) on your 2013 income tax return.

** You do not have to make this payment if you file your 2013 tax return by January 31, 2014, and pay the entire balance due with your return.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.

We ask for this information to carry out the tax laws of the United States. We need it to figure and collect the right amount of tax. Our legal right to ask for this information is Internal Revenue Code section 6654, which requires that you pay your taxes in a specified manner to avoid being penalized. Additionally, section 6001, 6011, and 6012(a) and their regulations require you to file a return or statement for any tax for which you are liable; section 6109 requires you to provide your identifying number. Failure to provide this information, or providing false or fraudulent information, may subject you to penalties.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be

retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as stated in Code section 6103.

We may disclose the information to the Department of Justice for civil or criminal litigation and to other federal agencies, as provided by law. We may disclose it to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths or possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

If you do not file a return, do not give the information asked for, or give fraudulent information, you may be charged penalties and be subject to criminal prosecution.

Please keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have any questions about the rules for filing and giving information, please call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For the estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this package simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Tear off here

Form **1040-ES (NR)**
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

2013 Estimated Tax Payment Voucher 4

OMB No. 1545-0074

File only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Return this voucher with your check or money order payable to **“United States Treasury.”** Write your identifying number and **“2013 Form 1040-ES (NR)”** on your check or money order. Do not send cash. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher.

Calendar year—Due Jan. 15, 2014		
Amount of estimated tax you are paying by check or money order.	Dollars	Cents

Print or type	Your identifying number (SSN or ITIN) (employer identification number for an estate or trust)	
	Your first name and initial	Your last name
	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)	
	City, state, and ZIP code. If a foreign address, enter city, province or state, and country. Include postal code.	

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions.

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File only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Return this voucher with your check or money order payable to **“United States Treasury.”** Write your identifying number and “2013 Form 1040-ES (NR)” on your check or money order. Do not send cash. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher.

Calendar year—Due Sept. 16, 2013		
Amount of estimated tax you are paying by check or money order.	Dollars	Cents

Print or type	Your identifying number (SSN or ITIN) (employer identification number for an estate or trust)	
	Your first name and initial	Your last name
	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)	
	City, state, and ZIP code. If a foreign address, enter city, province or state, and country. Include postal code.	

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions.

Tear off here

File only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Return this voucher with your check or money order payable to **“United States Treasury.”** Write your identifying number and “2013 Form 1040-ES (NR)” on your check or money order. Do not send cash. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher.

Calendar year—Due June 17, 2013		
Amount of estimated tax you are paying by check or money order.	Dollars	Cents

Print or type	Your identifying number (SSN or ITIN) (employer identification number for an estate or trust)	
	Your first name and initial	Your last name
	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)	
	City, state, and ZIP code. If a foreign address, enter city, province or state, and country. Include postal code.	

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions.

Tear off here

File only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Return this voucher with your check or money order payable to **“United States Treasury.”** Write your identifying number and “2013 Form 1040-ES (NR)” on your check or money order. Do not send cash. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher.

Calendar year—Due April 15, 2013		
Amount of estimated tax you are paying by check or money order.	Dollars	Cents

Print or type	Your identifying number (SSN or ITIN) (employer identification number for an estate or trust)	
	Your first name and initial	Your last name
	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)	
	City, state, and ZIP code. If a foreign address, enter city, province or state, and country. Include postal code.	

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions.