

Qualified Plug-in Electric Drive Motor Vehicle Credit
(Including Qualified Two-Wheeled Plug-in Electric Vehicles)

▶ **Attach to your tax return.**
 ▶ **Go to www.irs.gov/Form8936 for instructions and the latest information.**

Identifying number

Note:

- Use this form to claim the credit for certain plug-in electric vehicles.
- Claim the credit for certain alternative motor vehicles on Form 8910.

Part I Tentative Credit

Use a separate column for each vehicle. If you need more columns, use additional Forms 8936 and include the totals on lines 12 and 19.

		(a) Vehicle 1	(b) Vehicle 2
1 Year, make, and model of vehicle	1		
2 Vehicle identification number (see instructions)	2		
3 Enter date vehicle was placed in service (MM/DD/YYYY)	3		
4a If the vehicle is a two-wheeled vehicle, enter the cost of the vehicle. If the vehicle has at least four wheels, see instructions	4a		
b Phase-out percentage (see instructions)	4b	%	%
c Tentative credit. Multiply line 4a by line 4b	4c		

Next: If you did NOT use your vehicle for business or investment purposes and did not have a credit from a partnership or S corporation, skip Part II and go to Part III. All others, go to Part II.

Part II Credit for Business/Investment Use Part of Vehicle

5 Business/investment use percentage (see instructions)	5	%	%
6 Multiply line 4c by line 5. If the vehicle has at least four wheels, leave lines 7 through 10 blank and go to line 11	6		
7 Section 179 expense deduction (see instructions)	7		
8 Subtract line 7 from line 6	8		
9 Multiply line 8 by 10% (0.10)	9		
10 Maximum credit per vehicle	10	2,500	2,500
11 For vehicles with four or more wheels, enter the amount from line 6. If the vehicle is a two-wheeled vehicle, enter the smaller of line 9 or line 10	11		
12 Add columns (a) and (b) on line 11	12		
13 Qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle credit from partnerships and S corporations (see instructions)	13		
14 Business/investment use part of credit. Add lines 12 and 13. Partnerships and S corporations, stop here and report this amount on Schedule K. All others, report this amount on Form 3800, Part III, line 1y	14		

Note: Complete Part III to figure any credit for the personal use part of the vehicle.

Part III Credit for Personal Use Part of Vehicle

	(a) Vehicle 1	(b) Vehicle 2
15 If you skipped Part II, enter the amount from line 4c. If you completed Part II, subtract line 6 from line 4c. If the vehicle has at least four wheels, leave lines 16 and 17 blank and go to line 18	15	
16 Multiply line 15 by 10% (0.10)	16	
17 Maximum credit per vehicle. If you skipped Part II, enter \$2,500. If you completed Part II, subtract line 11 from line 10	17	
18 For vehicles with four or more wheels, enter the amount from line 15. If the vehicle is a two-wheeled vehicle, enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17	18	
19 Add columns (a) and (b) on line 18		19
20 Enter the amount from Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR, line 18		20
21 Personal credits from Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR (see instructions)		21
22 Subtract line 21 from line 20. If zero or less, enter -0- and stop here. You cannot claim the personal use part of the credit		22
23 Personal use part of credit. Enter the smaller of line 19 or line 22 here and on Schedule 3 (Form 1040), line 6f. If line 22 is smaller than line 19, see instructions		23

Instructions for Form 8936



Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

(Rev. January 2022)

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Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Form 8936 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to [IRS.gov/Form8936](https://www.irs.gov/Form8936).

What's New

Credit for two-wheeled vehicles. The credit for qualified two-wheeled plug-in electric vehicles expired for vehicles acquired after 2021. However, if you acquired the two-wheeled vehicle in 2021, but placed it in service during 2022, you may still be able to claim the credit for 2022. Do not report two-wheeled vehicles acquired after 2021 on Form 8936 unless the credit is extended.



At the time these instructions went to print, Congress had not enacted legislation on expired provisions. To find out if legislation has been enacted, go to [IRS.gov/Extenders](https://www.irs.gov/Extenders).

Reminder

The credit is no longer available for Tesla or General Motors vehicles with at least four wheels. See [Line 4b](#).

General Instructions

Purpose of Form

Use Form 8936 to figure your credit for qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicles you placed in service during your tax year. Also use Form 8936 to figure your credit for certain qualified two-wheeled plug-in electric vehicles discussed under [What's New](#), earlier.

The credit attributable to depreciable property (vehicles used for business or investment purposes) is treated as a general business credit. Any credit not attributable to depreciable property is treated as a personal credit.

Partnerships and S corporations must file this form to claim the credit. All other taxpayers are not required to complete or file this form if their only source for this credit is a partnership or S corporation. Instead, they can report this credit directly on line 1y in Part III of Form 3800, General Business Credit.

Which Revision To Use

Use the January 2022 revision of Form 8936 for tax years beginning in 2021 or later, until a later revision is issued. Use prior revisions of the form for earlier tax years. All revisions are available at [IRS.gov/Form8936](https://www.irs.gov/Form8936).

Qualified Plug-in Electric Drive Motor Vehicle

This is a new vehicle with at least four wheels that:

- Is propelled to a significant extent by an electric motor that draws electricity from a battery that has a capacity of not less than 4 kilowatt hours and is capable of being recharged from an external source of electricity, and
- Has a gross vehicle weight of less than 14,000 pounds.

Qualified Two-Wheeled Plug-in Electric Vehicle

This is a new vehicle with two wheels that:

- Is capable of achieving a speed of 45 miles per hour or greater,
- Is propelled to a significant extent by an electric motor that draws electricity from a battery that has a capacity of not less than 2.5 kilowatt hours and is capable of being recharged from an external source of electricity, and
- Has a gross vehicle weight of less than 14,000 pounds.

Certification and Other Requirements

Generally, you can rely on the manufacturer's (or, in the case of a foreign manufacturer, its domestic distributor's) certification to the IRS that a specific make, model, and model year vehicle qualifies for the credit and, if applicable, the amount of the credit for which it qualifies. The manufacturer or domestic distributor should be able to provide you with a copy of the IRS letter acknowledging the certification of the vehicle.

If, however, the IRS publishes an announcement that the certification for any specific make, model, and model year vehicle has been withdrawn, you cannot rely on the certification for such a vehicle acquired after the date of publication of the withdrawal announcement.

If you acquired a vehicle and its certification was withdrawn on or after the date you acquired it, you can rely on such certification even if you had not placed the vehicle in service or claimed the credit by the date the withdrawal announcement was published by the IRS. The IRS will not attempt to collect any understatement of tax liability attributable to reliance on the certification as long as you acquired the vehicle on or before the date the IRS published the withdrawal announcement.

The following requirements must be met to qualify for the credit.

- You are the owner of the vehicle. If the vehicle is leased, only the lessor and not the lessee, is entitled to the credit.
- You placed the vehicle in service during your tax year.
- The vehicle is manufactured primarily for use on public streets, roads, and highways.
- The original use of the vehicle began with you.

- You acquired the vehicle for use or to lease to others, and not for resale.
- You use the vehicle primarily in the United States.

Exception. If you are the seller of a qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle or qualified two-wheeled plug-in electric vehicle to a tax-exempt organization, governmental unit, or a foreign person or entity, and the use of that vehicle is described in section 50(b)(3) or (4), you can claim the credit, but only if you clearly disclose in writing to the purchaser the amount of the tentative credit allowable for the vehicle (from line 11 of Form 8936). Treat all vehicles eligible for this exception as business/investment property. If you elect to claim the credit, you must reduce cost of goods sold by the amount you entered on line 11 for that vehicle.

More information. For details, see the following.

- Section 30D.
- Notice 2009-89, 2009-48 I.R.B. 714, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2009-48_IRB#NOT-2009-89](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2009-48_IRB#NOT-2009-89).
- Notice 2013-67, 2013-45 I.R.B. 470, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2013-45_IRB#NOT-2013-67](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2013-45_IRB#NOT-2013-67).
- Notice 2016-51, 2016-37 I.R.B. 344, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2016-37_IRB#NOT-2016-51](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2016-37_IRB#NOT-2016-51).

Credit Phaseout

The credit for vehicles with at least four wheels is subject to a phaseout (reduction) once the vehicle manufacturer (or, for a foreign manufacturer, its U.S. distributor) sells 200,000 of these vehicles to a retailer for use in the United States after 2009. The phaseout begins in the second calendar quarter after the quarter in which the 200,000th vehicle was sold. Then the phaseout allows 50% of the full credit for 2 quarters, 25% of the full credit for 2 additional quarters, and no credit thereafter.

Basis Reduction

Unless you elect not to claim the credit, you may have to reduce the basis of each vehicle by the sum of the amounts entered on lines 11 and 18 for that vehicle.

Coordination With Other Credits

A vehicle that qualifies for the qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle credit on this form cannot be used to claim the alternative motor vehicle credit on Form 8910.

Recapture of Credit

If the vehicle no longer qualifies for the credit, you may have to recapture part or all of the credit. For details, see section 30D(f)(5).

Specific Instructions

Line 2

Enter the vehicle's vehicle identification number (VIN) on line 2. The VIN of a vehicle can be obtained from the registration, title, proof of insurance, or actual vehicle. Generally, the VIN is 17 characters made up of numbers and letters.

Line 4a

For two-wheeled vehicles, enter the cost of the vehicle you entered on line 1. For vehicles with at least four

wheels, enter the credit allowable for the year, make, and model of vehicle you entered on line 1. You can generally rely on the manufacturer's (or domestic distributor's) certification to the IRS of the credit allowable as explained above.

Tentative credit amounts acknowledged by the IRS are available at [IRS.gov/pluginvehiclecreditamounts](https://www.irs.gov/pluginvehiclecreditamounts).



For any vehicles subject to a reduced credit (discussed next), enter the original unreduced credit amount on line 4a.

Line 4b

Enter 100% unless the vehicle was a vehicle with at least four wheels manufactured by Tesla or General Motors (Chevrolet Bolt EV, etc.).

Tesla. The credit is not available for Tesla vehicles acquired after December 31, 2019. For more information, see Notice 2018-96, 2018-52 I.R.B. 1061, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2018-52_IRB#NOT-2018-96](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2018-52_IRB#NOT-2018-96).

General Motors. The credit is not available for General Motors vehicles acquired after March 31, 2020. For more information, see Notice 2019-22, 2019-14 I.R.B. 931, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2019-14_IRB#NOT-2019-22](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2019-14_IRB#NOT-2019-22).

Line 5

Enter the percentage of business/investment use.

Enter 100% if the vehicle is used solely for business purposes or you are claiming the credit as the seller of the vehicle.

If the vehicle is used for both business purposes and personal purposes, determine the percentage of business use by dividing the number of miles the vehicle is driven during the year for business purposes or for the production of income (not to include any commuting mileage) by the total number of miles the vehicle is driven for all purposes. Treat vehicles used by your employees as being used 100% for business/investment purposes if the value of personal use is included in the employees' gross income, or the employees reimburse you for the personal use. If you report the amount of personal use of the vehicle in your employee's gross income and withhold the appropriate taxes, enter "100%" for the percentage of business/investment use.

If during the tax year you convert property used solely for personal purposes to business/investment use (or vice versa), figure the percentage of business/investment use only for the number of months you use the property in your business or for the production of income. Multiply that percentage by the number of months you use the property in your business or for the production of income and divide the result by 12. For example, if you converted a vehicle to 50% business use for the last 6 months of the year, you would enter 25% on line 5 (50% multiplied by 6 divided by 12).

For more information, see Pub. 463, Travel, Gift, and Car Expenses.

Line 7

Enter any section 179 expense deduction you claimed for the vehicle from Part I of Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization.

Line 13

Enter total qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle credits from:

- Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc., box 15 (code P); and
- Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S), Shareholder's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc., box 13 (code P).

Partnerships and S corporations report the above credits on line 13. All other filers figuring a separate credit on earlier lines also report the above credits on line 13. All others not using earlier lines to figure a separate credit can report the above credits directly on Form 3800, Part III, line 1y.

Line 21

Enter the total, if any, credits from Schedule 3 (Form 1040), lines 1 through 4, 6d, 6e, and 6i; and Form 5695, line 30.

Line 23

If you cannot use part of the personal portion of the credit because of the tax liability limit, the unused credit is lost. The unused personal portion of the credit cannot be carried back or forward to other tax years.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue

laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for individual and business taxpayers filing this form is approved under OMB control number 1545-0074 and 1545-0123 and is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual and business income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is shown below.

Recordkeeping	4 hr., 4 min.
Learning about the law or the form	35 min.
Preparing and sending the form to the IRS	41 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.
