

Name(s) _____ Social Security Number _____

PART I - Iowa Adjustments and Preferences. See instructions

If you itemized deductions on Schedule A (IA 1040), start on line 1. If you did not itemize on your IA 1040, start on line 6.

1. Medical and dental. If you or your spouse was 65 or older, enter the smaller of Schedule A (IA 1040), line 3, or 2.5% (.025) of federal Form 1040, line 38 (federal 1040A, line 21 or 1040EZ, line 4) as adjusted for disallowance of depreciation/section 179, from line 14 of the IA 1040. 1. _____
2. Taxes from Schedule A (IA 1040), line 8 2. _____
3. Enter the home mortgage interest adjustment, if any, from federal Form 6251 3. _____
4. Miscellaneous deductions from Schedule A (IA 1040), line 24 4. _____
5. Enter the amount, if any, from IA 104 (Iowa Itemized Deductions Worksheet), step 2, line 11. If you are not required to complete the IA 104, enter zero. See instructions 5. (_____)
6. Refunds of taxes (exclude Iowa income tax) 6. (_____)
7. Investment interest expense (difference between regular tax and AMT) 7. _____
8. Qualified small business stock 8. _____
9. Exercise of incentive stock options (excess of AMT income over regular tax income) . 9. _____
10. Estates and trusts [amount from federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1041) 10. _____
11. Electing large partnerships [amount from federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B)] 11. _____
12. Disposition of property (difference between AMT and regular tax gain or loss) 12. _____
13. Depreciation on assets placed in service after 1986 (difference between regular tax and AMT) 13. _____
14. Passive activities (difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss)..... 14. _____
15. Loss limitations (difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss) 15. _____
16. Circulation costs (difference between regular tax and AMT)..... 16. _____
17. Long-term contracts (difference between AMT and regular tax income)..... 17. _____
18. Mining costs (difference between regular tax and AMT) 18. _____
19. Research and experimental costs (difference between regular tax and AMT) 19. _____
20. Income from certain installment sales before January 1, 1987 20. (_____)
21. Other adjustments, including income-based related adjustments 21. _____
22. Total Adjustments and Preferences. Add lines 1 through 21 22. _____



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PART II - Iowa Alternative Minimum Taxable Income

- 23. Taxable income from IA 1040, line 38..... 23. _____
- 24. Net operating loss deduction. Do not enter as a negative amount..... 24. _____
- 25. Add lines 22, 23, and 24 25. _____
- 26. Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax net operating loss deduction. See instructions..... 26. _____
- 27. Iowa Alternative Minimum Taxable Income. Subtract line 26 from line 25 27. _____

PART III - Iowa Exemption Amount and Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax Based on Iowa Filing Status

- 28. Enter the applicable amount below based on your Iowa filing status:
 - If filing status 1, 5, or 6, enter \$26,000
 - If filing status 2, enter \$35,000
 - If filing status 3 or 4, enter \$17,500..... 28. _____
- 29. Enter the applicable amount below based on your Iowa filing status:
 - If filing status 1, 5, or 6, enter \$112,500
 - If filing status 2, enter \$150,000
 - If filing status 3 or 4, enter \$75,000..... 29. _____
- 30. Subtract line 29 from line 27. If zero or less, enter zero..... 30. _____
- 31. Multiply line 30 by 25% (0.25)..... 31. _____
- 32. Subtract line 31 from line 28. If zero or less, enter zero..... 32. _____
- 33. Subtract line 32 from line 27. If zero or less, enter zero..... 33. _____
- 34. Tentative Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax. Multiply line 33 by 6.7% (0.067) 34. _____
- 35. Regular tax less exemption credits. IA 1040 line 39, less IA 1040 line 43 35. _____
- 36. Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax. Subtract line 35 from 34; enter here and on IA 1040, line 41. If zero or less, enter zero. See instructions for Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax Limited to Net Worth..... 36. _____

PART IV - Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents Only – Complete Lines 37-40

- 37... Enter Iowa net income plus Iowa adjustments and preferences. If zero or less, enter zero. See instructions. 37. _____
- 38. Total net income plus total adjustments and preferences. See instructions..... 38. _____
- 39. Divide line 37 by line 38 and enter the result to three decimal places. If greater than one, enter 1.000. See instructions 39. _____
- 40. Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax. Multiply line 36 by 39. Enter here and on IA 1040, line 41. See instructions..... 40. _____



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Instructions for 2017 IA 6251 – Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax – Individuals

Who Must File IA 6251?

Beginning with tax year 2016, estates and trusts must use form IA 1041 Schedule I to calculate alternative minimum tax.

An individual should not complete form IA 6251 if:

- Your filing status is single and your net income (IA 1040, line 26) is \$9,000 or less (\$24,000 or less if 65 or older on 12/31/17); or
- Your filing status is other than single and your net income (IA 1040, line 26) is \$13,500 or less (\$32,000 or less if you or your spouse was 65 or older on 12/31/17).

All other individuals who had one or more of the adjustments or preferences in Part I must complete form IA 6251 to see if they owe Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT). Taxpayers may have an Iowa AMT liability even if they owed no federal AMT. Nonresidents who have a liability for Iowa AMT are required to file an Iowa return even if they have no regular Iowa income tax liability.

Married filing separate filers: Each spouse needs to complete a separate IA 6251.

Note: The Iowa AMT Credit is available that may reduce the regular tax of an individual for Iowa AMT paid in a prior year. See instructions for form IA 8801.

Part I - Iowa Adjustments and Preferences

Part I of the IA 6251 corresponds to Part I of federal Form 6251 except as noted.

Line 3 and Lines 7 through 21: See the corresponding lines on federal Form 6251 for additional guidance.

Line 5: You may be required to complete the IA 104 (Iowa Itemized Deductions Worksheet) if your federal AGI, plus bonus depreciation/section 179 adjustment and all other decoupling from the IA 1040, line 14, is more than: \$311,300 for qualifying widow(er) or married filing jointly; \$285,350 for head of household; \$259,400 for single filers; or \$155,650 for married filing separately on your federal return. See IA 104 for more information.

Line 13: If the amount of your Iowa depreciation deduction for this year was different from the amount of your federal depreciation deduction, you may need to recalculate the amounts shown on the federal form 6251 line 18 to adjust for the

Iowa amount. Recalculate this amount by using the Iowa depreciation deduction amounts shown on this year's IA 4562A, and following the federal AMT adjustment instructions for the "Depreciation on assets placed in service after 1986" line of federal form 6251.

Line 21: If the amount of your Iowa depreciation deduction or any other Iowa decoupling adjustment for this year was different from the amount shown on your federal return, you may need to recalculate the amounts shown on the federal form 6251 line 27 to adjust for the Iowa amount. Recalculate this amount by using the Iowa depreciation deduction amounts shown on this year's IA 4562A, or other decoupling adjustments shown on IA 1040 line 14, and following the federal AMT adjustment instructions for the "Other Adjustments" line of federal form 6251.

Note: The federal tax preferences for percentage depletion of an oil, gas, or geothermal well and intangible drilling costs from federal Form 6251 are not tax preferences but are additions to income on IA 1040, line 14.

Part II – Iowa Alternative Minimum Taxable Income

Line 26: A net operating loss can be carried back or carried forward to reduce a taxpayer's alternative minimum taxable income. However, before the net operating loss can be deducted, it must be reduced by any adjustments and tax preferences used in computing the net operating loss. A net operating loss that is carried to the current tax year on line 26 cannot exceed 90% of the amount on line 25. Any portion of the net operating loss that cannot be used can be carried over to the next tax year.

Part IV - Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents

Nonresidents and part-year residents of Iowa are required to pay Iowa AMT only on the percentage of adjustments and tax preferences that are Iowa source. Lines 37 through 40 in Part IV must be completed to calculate the Iowa AMT liability for nonresidents and part-year residents only if one has Iowa source adjustments or preferences.

Line 37: Add Iowa net income from IA 126, line 26, plus the total of only those adjustments and tax preferences from IA 6251, line 22 that are from Iowa sources.

Line 38: Add all-source net income from IA 126, line 27, plus the total of all adjustments and tax preferences from IA 6251, line 22.

Line 39: Divide line 37 by line 38 and enter the result to three decimal places (Example: 0.786).

Line 40: Multiply line 36 by line 39. The result is the Iowa AMT and is to be entered on IA 1040, line 41. See the instructions below relating to Iowa alternative minimum tax limited to net worth.

Iowa Alternative Minimum Tax Limited to Net Worth

Taxpayers who meet all qualifications for a distressed sale, but have a debt to asset ratio of 75% or less, are not subject to the AMT in an amount greater than the taxpayer's net worth. In situations where a taxpayer has multiple transactions (forfeitures, transfers, sales, or exchanges), AMT is limited to net worth prior to the last transaction in the tax year. Please complete the IA 6251B form to determine net worth.